

GDP Data for FY 2020-21 4th Quarter (January to March 2021)

Prior to the 2nd wave of the coronavirus, the gross domestic product (GDP) has raised the 1.6% in the 4th quarter (Jan-March) of 2020-21. This had arrived upon the top of the 0.5% rise in the before quarter of October-December.

“GDP at Constant (2011-12) Prices in Q4 of 2020-21 is estimated at Rs 38.96 lakh crore, as against Rs 38.33 lakh crore in Q4 of 2019-20, showing a growth of 1.6 per cent,” the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation (MoSPI) said in an official statement on 31st May 2021, continuing that the growth in GDP during FY 2020-21 is estimated at -7.3 per cent as compared to 4.0 percent in FY 2019-20.

GDP Data for FY 2020-21 3rd Quarter (October to December 2020)

Data released by the ministry of statistics and program implementation shows that GDP at constant (2011-12) prices in Q3 of 2019-20 was Rs 36.08 lakh crore. However, in Q3 of 2020-21, it is evaluated at ₹ 36.22 lakh crore which is showing a growth of 0.4 percent. Thus, after two consecutive harrowing quarters, finally, a GDP growth of 0.4 percent reported in the third quarter of 2020-21. With this, the country's economy is now out of a technological recession.

Additionally, the NSO has also forecast an 8 percent contraction in 2020-21. It is worth noting that in its first advance estimates from January, it had projected a contraction of 7.7 percent for the current fiscal year against a growth of four percent in 2019-20. If we talk about the details of Q1 and Q2, the economy declined by 24.4 percent in the first quarter due to epidemics and lockdown, and by 7.3 percent due to a disturbance in economic activity in Q2 GDP.

GDP Data for FY 2020-21 2nd Quarter (July to September 2020)

Q2 GDP data slows down by 7.5% despite rising in the share market. The electricity consumption reported the highest growth along with labor participation and e-way bills. RBI

posts that India in before month has reported Asia's 3rd biggest economy which goes into recession.

In October 8 core industries seeks output at -2.5% vs -0.1% in the September month and -5.5% in Oct'19: Coal: 11.6%, Crude Oil: - 6.2%, Natural Gas: - 8.6%, Refinery Products: - 17.0 %, Fertilizers: 6.3 %, Steel: - 2.7 %, Cement: 2.8 %, Electricity: 10.5 %. Also, food inflation will be reduced in the 3rd quarter. The recovery of India is gaining a higher rate.

GDP Data for FY 2020-21 1st Quarter (April to June 2020)

India GDP Q1 data 2020: due to pandemic following the strict lockdown in the 1st quarter if the financial year 2020-21 the net GDP in April-June quarter Q1 has declined by 23.9% as revealed by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI). With 5.2% the GDP had expanded in the relevant quarter 2019-20. "Despite local lockdowns, e-way Bills are at 99.9% year-on-year. Have to keep in mind that the pandemic will have its ebb and flow and that is not a short-term uncertainty," said Chief Economic Adviser KV Subramanian.

GDP Data for FY 2019-20 4th Quarter (January to March 2020) (03/11/2020)

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in the 4th Quarters during 2019-20 is revealed to be 4.2% slowing to the 11 years low with respect to the 6.1% in 2018-19 said in the report. The RBI had secured the GDP growth for 2019-20 at 5 % as proposed by the National Statistical Office on 1st and 2nd advance approximations published beforehand this year in January and February individually.

the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation held that the "GDP at Constant (2011-12) prices in Q4 of 2019-20 is estimated at Rs. 38.04 lakh crore, as against Rs 36.90 lakh crore in Q4 of 2018-19, showing a growth of 3.1 percent,"

Chidambaram pops out at the financial administration of BJP "It has turned out to be worse at 3.1%. This is pre-lockdown. Of the 91 days of Q4, lockdown applied to only 7 days. It is a telling commentary on the economic management of the BJP government."

GDP Data for FY 2019-20 3rd Quarter (October to December 2019)

Finally, the India gross domestic product figures have been revealed for the 3rd quarter (October to December 2019) and it has come to 4.7 per cent down from the 5.1 per cent in the 2nd quarter of (July to September 2019).

The lowered GDP for the third quarter has been acknowledged by the chief of the economic affairs Atanu Chakraborty and has blamed the NBFC crisis and weak rural growth for this slowdown. He has stated that the Indian GDP will once again rise to a high level as per the growth in certain industries.

GDP Data for FY 2019-20 2nd Quarter (July to September 2019)

Adding to the woes of the Indian Prime Minister and the Finance Ministry, the GDP (Growth Domestic Product) of India has further dropped down to 4.5% in the second quarter of FY 2019-20 from the earlier 5% GDP of the first quarter.

The same trend of the GDP falling has been going on for seven quarters now. While the first quarter of 2019-20 witnessed a GDP of 5%, the second quarter reported a fall of 0.5 per cent. During the same period last year, i.e. the second quarter of FY 2018-19, the GDP growth of the country was 7.1 per cent. Compared to that, the latest reported GDP is 2.6 per cent lower, which is also the lowest in the last six years.

GDP Data for FY 2019-20 1st Quarter (April to June 2019)

As per the recent data by CRISIL, the Indian economy may not see a rise over above 6.3% for the fiscal year 2020. The current data have opposed the previous suggestion of 6.9% GDP for the year.

The news is in the air due to the disclosure of the lowest 5% GDP of the country in recent years. As per the statement by crisil, "We expect growth to get some lift from the low base effect of 6.3 per cent in the second half of the FY19."

There is a lowered 0.6% of GDP for the given financial years due to slowdown in the overall economy and revelation by the economics department responsible for the maintenance of the financial health of India.

GDP Data for FY 2018-19 Last Quarter (January to March 2019)

India's GDP has been recorded at 7.7 percent in the quarter of January – March, with a fast approach towards better number than 7.0 in the previous quarter. With some expectations for 6.7 percent in the financial year 2018, to the 7.3 percent and 7.5 percent in the FY 19 and FY 20 respectively. There is some hindrance to the GDP number due to GST as speculated by the experts but still, many economists are likely to maintain around 6.5 percent.

So here in this article, we will see the GST impact on the Indian Economy.